

Aviation Fuel JET-A1

Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EU) 2015/830

Date of issue: 3/1/2022 Revision date: 5/30/2022

Version: 3.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product identifier

Chemical type: Substance Trade name: Aviation Fuel JET-A1 EC Index-No.: 649-423-00-8

EC-No.: 265-184-9 CAS-No.: 64742-81-0

REACH registration No: 01-2119462828-25 Product code: MOL_0511_001_MOL_0511_002

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Main use category : Industrial use, Consumer use, Professional use

Use as an intermediate Manufacture of substance

Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures Distribution of substance

Uses in Coatings
Use in Cleaning Agents
Metal working fluids / rolling oils Use as binders and release agents

Use in Agrochemicals

Road and construction applications

Use as a fuel Lubricants

Explosives manufacture & use

Functional Fluids

1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Distributor:

Komptrade Itd Ingles Manor, Castle Hill Avenue, Folkestone CT20 2RD United

Kingdom

Telephone:+32(0)48465559.

The competent person responsible for Safety Data Sheet: info@komptrade.co.uk

Emergency telephone number 1.4.

Country	Organisation/Company	Address	Emergency number	Comment
United Kingdom	National Poisons Information Service (Belfast Centre) Royal Victoria Hospital	Grosvenor Road BT12 6BA Belfast	0344 892 0111	
United Kingdom	National Poisons Information Service (Birmingham Centre) City Hospital	Dudley Road B18 7QH Birmingham	0344 892 0111	
United Kingdom	National Poisons Information Service (Cardiff Centre) Gwenwyn Ward, Llandough Hospital	Penarth CF64 2XX Cardiff	0344 892 0111	
United Kingdom	National Poisons Information Service Edinburgh Royal Infirmary of Edinburgh	Little France Crescent EH16 4SA Edinburgh	0344 892 0111	
United Kingdom	Guy's & St Thomas' Poisons Unit Medical Toxicology Unit, Guy's & St Thomas' Hospital Trust	Avonley Road SE14 5ER London	0870 243 2241	
United Kingdom	National Poisons Information Service (Newcastle Centre) Regional Drugs and Therapeutics Centre, Wolfson Unit	Claremont Place Newcastle-upon-Tyne NE1 4LP Newcastle	0344 892 0111	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Flammable liquids, Category 3 H226

Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 H315

Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, H336 - Category 3, Narcosis

Aspiration hazard, Category 1 H304

Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Chronic Hazard, Category 2 H411 - Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

8/4/2022 EN (English) 1/7

Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EU) 2015/830

2.2. **Label elements**

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP)

GHS02

GHS07

GHS08

GHS09

Signal word (CLP)

Hazard statements (CLP)

Precautionary statements (CLP)

Danger

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

P102 - Keep out of reach of children

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other

ignition sources. No

smoking P273 - Avoid release to the environment

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face

shield

P301+P310+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

CENTER or

doctor/physician. Do NOT induce vomiting

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification

Can form explosive mixture with air.

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substances 3.1.

Name: Aviation Fuel JET A1 CAS-No 64742-81-0 FC-No 265-184-9 EC Index-No 649-423-00-8

Name	Product identifier	%
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	(CAS-No.) 64742-81-0	<= 100
(Main constituent)	(EC-No.) 265-184-9	
	(EC Index-No.) 649-423-00-8	
	(REACH-no) 01-2119462828-25-0063	

Full text of H-statements; see section 16

3.2. **Mixtures**

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general

: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Before attempting to rescue casualties, isolate area from all potential sources of ignition including disconnecting electrical supply. Ensure adequate ventilation and check that a safe, breathable atmosphere is present before entry into confined spaces. Drench contaminated clothing with water before removing to avoid risk of sparks from static electricity. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person

First-aid measures after inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If casualty is unconscious and no breathing: Ensure that there is no obstruction to breathing and give artificial respiration by trained personnel. If necessary, give external cardiac massage and obtain medical advice. Breathing Allow the victim to rest. Obtain medical assistance if breathingremains difficult.

First-aid measures after skin contact

: Remove contaminated clothing, contaminated footwear and dispose of safely. Wash affected area with soap and water. When using high-pressure equipment, injection of product can occur. If high-pressure injuries occur, immediately seek professional medical attention. Seek medical attention if skin irritation, swelling or redness develops and persists. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. For minor thermal burns, cool the burn. Hold the burned area under cold running water for at least five minutes, or until the pain subsides. Body hypothermia must be avoided. Do not put ice on the burn. Remove non-sticking garments carefully. DO NOT attempt to remove portions of clothing glued to burnt skin but cut round them. Seek medical attention in all cases of serious burns.

8/4/2022 EN (English) 4/8

Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EU) 2015/830

First-aid measures after eye contact

: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do so. Continue rinsing. If irritation, blurred vision or swelling occurs and persists, obtain medical advice from a specialist. If hot product is splashed into the eye, it should be cooled down immediately to dissipate heat, under cold running water.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Always assume that aspiration has occurred.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation

: Inhalation of vapours may cause headache, nausea, vomiting and an altered state of consciousness. Possible inflammation of the respiratory tract. Chemical pneumonia. Risk of lung oedema.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact Symptoms/effects after eye contact Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Irritation. Dry skin. May cause burn in case of contact with product at high temperature. : mild eye irritation. May cause burn in case of contact with product at high temperature.

: Ingestion (swallowing) of this material may result in an altered state of consciousness and less of coordination. May be fatal if availabled and enters airways.

and loss of coordination. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Foam (trained personnel only). Water fog (trained personnel only). Carbon dioxide. Other inert gases (subject to regulations). Sand or earth. Dry powder.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use direct water jets on the burning product. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard

: Combustible liquid. Heating may cause a fire or explosion. May build up electrostatic charges: risk of ignition.

Explosion hazard

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air. They may be ignited by heat, sparks, static electricity or flames.

Hazardous decomposition products in

case of fire

Local country fire hazard

Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide. Toxic fumes may be released.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Precautionary measures fire

: Keep container closed when not in use. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

Firefighting instructions

: Evacuate area. Contain the extinguishing fluids by bunding.

Protection during firefighting

In case of a large fire or in confined or poorly ventilated spaces, wear full fire resistant protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Other information

Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates, gases, including carbon monoxide. High temperature decomposition products are harmful by inhalation.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures

: Evacuate area. Stop engines and no smoking. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Spilled material may present a slipping hazard.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment

: gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots. Work gloves (preferably gauntlets) providing adequate chemical resistance. Goggles and /or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated. a half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours/H2S, or a Selfcontained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.

Emergency procedures

Keep upwind. Stop or contain leak at the source, if safe to do so. Avoid direct contact with released material. Do not breathe vapours. Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. If required, notify relevant authorities according to all applicable regulations. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so (e.g. electricity, sparks, fires, flares. Large spillages may be cautiously covered with foam, if available, to limit vapour cloud formation. In case of large spillages, alert occupants in downwind areas. When inside buildings or confined spaces, ensure adequate ventilation.

8/4/2022 EN (English) 5/8

Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EU) 2015/830

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2. Environmental precautions

prevent product from entering sewers, rivers or other bodies of water. In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil and treat in accordance with local regulations.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Stop or contain leak at the source, if safe to do so. Collect spillage.

Methods for cleaning up : Absorb spilled product with suitable non-combustible materials. Transfer collected product and

other contaminated materials to suitable containers for recovery or safe disposal. In case of small spillages in closed waters, contain product with floating barriers or other equipment. Collect spilled product by absorbing with specific floating absorbents. Consult an expert on

waste disposal or treatment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection". For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed : In use, may form flammable vapour-air mixture. Flammable vapours may accumulate in the

container.

Precautions for safe handling : Ensure the

Ensure that all relevant regulations regarding handling and storage facilities of flammable products are followed. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. Avoid contact with the hot product. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Prevent the build-up of electrostatic charge. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Avoid breathing vapours. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid splash filling of bulk volumes when handling hot liquid product. Contaminated materials should not be allowed to accumulate in the workplaces and should never be kept inside the pockets.

Keep away from food and beverages. Wash the hands thoroughly after handling.

Hygiene measures

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before

euse.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area, check the atmosphere for oxygen content, hydrogen sulphide (H2S) and flammability. Empty containers

may contain flammable product residues. Do not weld, solder, drill, cut or incinerate empty containers, unless they have been properly cleaned.

Storage conditions : Keep only in original container. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and

other ignition sources. No smoking.

Incompatible products : Oxidizing agent.

Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition. Heat sources.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Site documentation to support safe handling arrangements including the selection of engineering, administrative and personal protective equipment controls in accordance with risk-based management systems is available at each manufacturing site.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

There is no specified limit for the product (or for the ingredients) according to the 25/2000. (IX.

30.) EüM-SzCsM Hungarian regulation.

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation. Use in contained systems.

Personal protective equipment : Protective clothing. Clothing to protect against heat and flame (EN 11612)

Hand protection : Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity

training. Gloves must be periodically inspected and changed in case of wear, perforations or contaminations.

or contaminations.

Eye protection : If contact is likely, a protection (protective shield or safety goggles) should be used.

Skin and body protection : Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Chemical resistant safety shoe

8/4/2022 EN (English) 6/8

Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EU) 2015/830

Respiratory protection

Respirators are not required if the product used in closed technology. If necessary, approved respiratory protection equipment shall be used when handling hot product in confined spaces: enclosed face mask with cartridge/filter type "A" or self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Change filter cartridge on respirator daily







SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid

Colour Colourless. light yellow.

Oolour odourless.
Freezing point < -47 °C
Boiling point 146 - 300 °C

Flash point > 40 (29 - 70) °C Pensky-Martens

Explosive limits (vol %) 0.6 - 6.5 vol %

Vapour pressure < 1 (≤ 3.7) kPa EN 13016-1

Density 0.77 - 0.85 g/cm³ 15 °C-on, EN ISO 12185

Auto-ignition temperature 220 - 250 °C Viscosity, kinematic 1.1 - 2.5 mm²/s 20°C

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This substance is stable under all ordinary circumstances at ambient temperatures, and if released into the environment.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Contact with strong oxidizers (peroxides, chromates, etc.) may cause a fire hazard.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

They may be ignited by heat, sparks, static electricity or flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials

A mixture with nitrates or other strong oxidisers (e.g. chlorates, perchlorates, liquid oxygen) may create an explosive mass.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored normally.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized (64742-81-0)

LD50 oral rat > 5000 mg/kg bodyweight literature data
LD50 dermal rabbit > 2000 mg/kg bodyweight literature data
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l) > 58.2 mg/l literature data

Skin corrosion/irritation
Serious eye damage/irritation
Respiratory or skin
sensitisation:
Germ cell mutagenicity
Carcinogenicity
Reproductive toxicity

Causes skin irritation
Not classified
Not classified
Not classified
Not classified

STOT-single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure Not classified

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

8/4/2022 EN (English) 7/8

Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EU) 2015/830

Aviation Fuel JET-A1 (64742-81-0)

Viscosity, kinematic 1.1 - 2.5 mm²/s 20°C

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : Toxic to aquatic life.

Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized (64742-81-0)

LC50 fish 1 1 - 20 mg/l literature data
EC50 Daphnia 1 1 - 20 mg/l literature data
EC50 other aquatic organisms 1 1 - 20 mg/l literature data

12.3. Persistence and degradability

Aviation Fuel JET-A1 (64742-81-0)

Persistence and degradability May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment

Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized (64742-81-0)

Biodegradation inherent biodegradable (literature data)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized (64742-81-0)

Log Kow > 4 potentially bioaccumulative (literature data)

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Aviation Fuel JET-A1 (64742-81-0)

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

12.6. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Regional legislation (waste) : 2012. évi CLXXXV. törvény a hulladékról. DIRECTIVE 2008/98/EC OF THE EUROPEAN

PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL

of 19 November 2008 on waste and repealing certain Directives.

Waste treatment methods : Contain and dispose of waste according to local regulations. External recovery and recycling of

waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations. Where possible (e.g. in the absence of relevant contamination), recycling of used substance is feasible and recommended. If recycling is not possible, eliminate in accordance with local valid waste

disposal regulations.

Sewage disposal recommendations Do not empty into drains. Dispose of at a licensed waste collection centre

Waste disposal recommendations : .Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Dispose of waste and used

sacks/containers according to local regulations.

Additional information Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable.

Ecology - waste materials : Hazardous waste. Avoid any discharge of the product into waste water. Recycle by distillation.

Recycle/reuse. Disposal in high-temperature incinerator (> 1200 °C).

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN

ADR	RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1. UN number				
1223	1223	1223	1223	1223
14.2. UN proper shipp	ing name			
Kerosene	Kerosene	Kerosene	Kerosene	Kerosene
14.3. Transport hazard	d class(es)			
3 3	3			3
14.4. Packing group				

8/4/2022 EN (English) 8/8

Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EU) 2015/830

III	III	III	III	III
14.5. Environmental	14.5. Environmental hazards			
Dangerous for the environment : Yes	Dangerous for the environment : Yes	Dangerous for the environment : Yes	Dangerous for the environment: Yes Marine pollutant: Yes	Dangerous for the environment : Yes
14.6. Special precautions for user				
30	30	- 3 + N2 +F	EmS-No. (Fire) F-E EmS-No. (Spillage) S-E	
F1	F1	F1		
Environmentally hazardous substances derogation applies (quantity of liquids ≤ 5 litres or net mass of solids ≤ 5 kg)				
No supplementary information available				

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. EU-Regulations

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006. REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

No REACH Annex XVII restrictions

Petroleum Coke is not on the REACH Candidate List

Petroleum Coke is not on the REACH Annex XIV List

15.1.2. National regulations

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes:			
116.	All Sections	updated	All Sections have been updated

Abbreviations	and acronyms:	
ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways	
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road	
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate	
BCF	Bioconcentration factor	
CLP	Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect level	
DNEL	Derived-No Effect Level	
EC50	Median effective concentration	
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer	
IATA	International Air Transport Association	
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods	
LC50	Median lethal concentration	
LD50	Median lethal dose	
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level	
NOAEC	No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration	
NOAEL	No-Observed Adverse Effect Level	
NOEC	No-Observed Effect Concentration	
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	
PBT	Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic	
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration	
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006	
RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail	
SDS	Safety Data Sheet	
STP	Sewage treatment plant	
TLM	Median Tolerance Limit	
vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative	

8/4/2022 EN (English) 9/8

Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EU) 2015/830

Data sources : REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE

COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. http://echa.europa.eu/. CONCAWE registration dossier. Data

arise from reference works and literature. Data relies on practical experience.

Training advice : Normal use of this product shall imply use in accordance with the instructions on the packaging.

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Flammable liquids, Category 3 H226 Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 H315 Specific target organ toxicity — Single H336 exposure, Category 3, Narcosis Aspiration hazard, Category 1 H304 Hazardous to the aquatic environment H411 — Chronic Hazard, Category 2

Full text of H- and EUH-statements:

Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Chronic Hazard, Category 2
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids, Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315	Causes skin irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

SDS EU (REACH Annex II) MOL

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product

8/4/2022 EN (English) 10/